Local proof transformations for flexible interpolation and proof reduction

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2 Motivation and Related Work

- 2 Motivation and Related Work
- 3 Contribution
 - Proof Transformation for Interpolation and Reduction

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- 4 Summary and Future Work

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• Program Verification

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 - Model checking code (LoopFrog, Synergy, SatAbs (with Oxford), FunFrog), ANSI-C
 - Efficient decision procedures as computational engines of verification (OpenSMT)

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- Abstractions
 - Program Summarization [ATVA'08], [ASE'09]
 - Avoids fix-point computation by constructing symbolic abstract transformers instead
 - Performs sound over-approximation of (unbounded) loops
 - Precision is tuned by selection of abstract domains
 - Exploits efficiency of SAT/SMT solvers

- Program Termination [CAV'10, TACAS'11]
 - Integration of Loop Summarization with Termination Analysis
 - Compositional Transition Invariants avoid all paths computation of termination checks
 - Simple abstract domains are used for termination checks

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- Synergy of Abstractions [STTT'10]
 - Interleaves precise and over-approximated abstractions
 - Reduces CEGAR iterations
 - Removes multiple counterexamples within a single refinement step
 - Localizes precise abstraction/refinement to relevant parts of the program

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 - Specification language for security policies
 - Formalization of mobile code distribution net
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 - Reduces formulae to the theory of equality to avoid, when possible, expensive reduction to SAT
 - Generation of explanations in theory propagation [MEMOCODE'10]
 - Computes explanations on demand by reusing the consistency check algorithm for a generic theory *T*.

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 - Solver, *OpenSMT*, combines MiniSAT2 SAT-Solver with state-of-the-art decision procedures for QF EUF, LRA, BV, RDL, IDL
 - *Extensible*: the SAT-to-theory interface facilites design and plug-in of new decision procedures
 - Incremental: suitable for incremental verification
 - Open-source: available under GPL license
 - *Efficient*: currently the fastest open-source SMT Solver for QF UF, IDL, RDL, LRA according to SMT-Comp'10.

- Boolean and Theory Reasoning (SMT)
 - Generation of interpolants (for QF EUF, RDL)
 - Proof manipulation for interpolation [S.F. Rollini, R. Bruttomesso, N. Sharygina, A. Tsitovich, ICCAD'10]
 - Resolution proof reduction [S.F. Rollini, R. Bruttomesso, N. Sharygina, HVC'10]

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Motivation

• Resolution proofs find application in several ambits

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 - Interpolation-based model checking
 - Abstraction techniques
 - Unsatisfiable core extraction in SAT/SMT
 - Automatic theorem proving

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- Problems
 - Clean structure of proofs is required for interpolation generation
 - Size affects efficiency
 - Size can be exponential w.r.t. input formula



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 - Interpolant \overline{q}



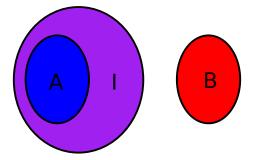
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Interpolation

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 - Problem solving by means of resolution based engines (SAT solvers, SMT solvers)

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$$A \triangleq (5x - y \le 1) \land (y - 5x \le -1) \qquad B \triangleq (y - 5z \le 3) \land (5z - y \le -2)$$

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 - Theory solver

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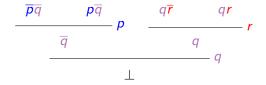
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- Resolution proof of unsatisfiability of a set of clauses S
 - Tree
 - Leaves as clauses of S
 - Intermediate nodes as resolvents
 - Root as unique empty clause

•
$$A \triangleq \{\overline{pq}, \overline{pq}\}$$
 $B \triangleq \{q\overline{r}, qr\}$

- $A \triangleq \{\overline{pq}, \overline{pq}\}$ $B \triangleq \{q\overline{r}, qr\}$
- Proof of unsatisfiability



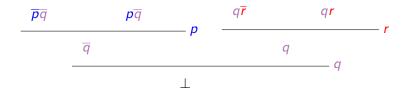
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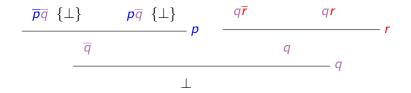
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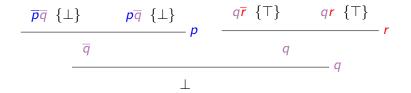
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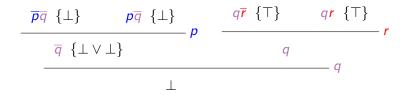
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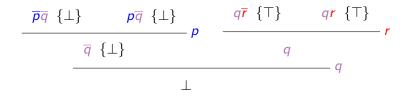
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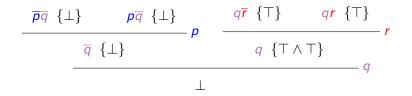
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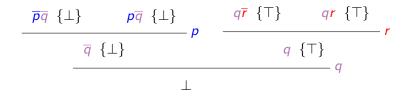
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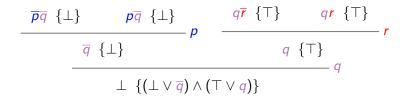
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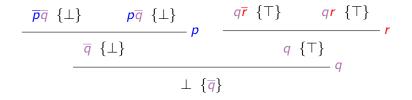
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$$\underbrace{(x-z \le 0)}^{t} (x-z \ge 1)$$

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$$(5x - y \nleq 1)$$
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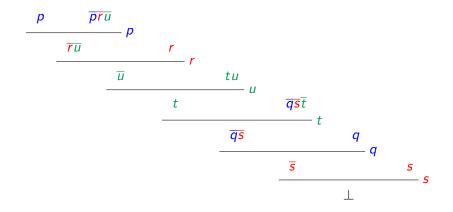
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 $(5z - y \nleq -2)$ $(x - z \nleq 0)$

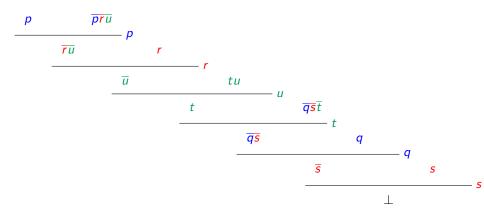
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Resolution Proofs $_{\text{SMT}}$

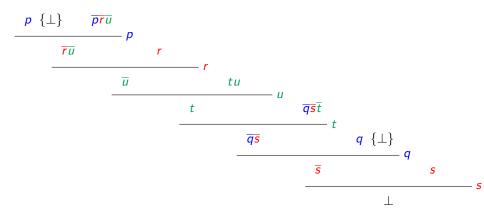
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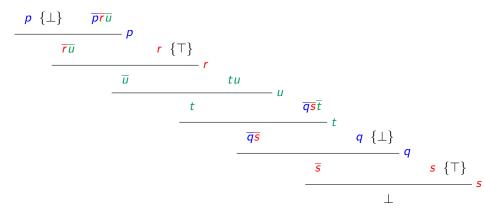
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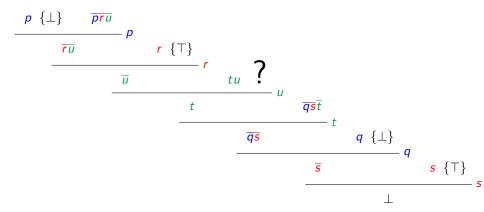
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A-local B-local AB-common AB-mixed

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A-local B-local AB-common AB-mixed $A \triangleq \{ (5x - y \le 1), ... \} \quad B \triangleq \{ (y - 5z \le 3), ... \}$ $L \triangleq \{ (x - z \le 0), ... \}$ • Need for proof not to contain AB-mixed predicates

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• Tune solvers to avoid generating AB-mixed predicates [Cimatti08,Beyer08] • Need for proof not to contain AB-mixed predicates

• Tune solvers to avoid generating AB-mixed predicates [Cimatti08,Beyer08]

• Transform proof to remove AB-mixed predicates

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• Proof transformation approach

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 - Theory reduction via Lemma on Demand [DeMoura02, Barrett06] Reduction of AX to EUF Reduction of LIA to LRA Ackermann's Expansion
 - Theory combination via DTC [Bozzano05]

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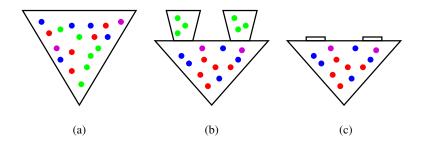
• Removal of AB-mixed subtrees

• Isolation of AB-mixed predicates into subtrees

• Removal of AB-mixed subtrees

• No more AB-mixed predicates, proof still valid

- (a) Initial proof: A-local, B-local, AB-common, AB-mixed
- (b) Transformed proof: AB-mixed predicates isolated into subtrees
- (c) Final proof: AB-mixed subtrees removed, new leaves are theory lemmata



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 - Theory reduction, theory combination without restrictions
 - Interpolant generation for propositional resolution proofs of unsatisfiability [Pudlák97]

- No more AB-mixed predicates, new leaves are theory lemmata
- Easy combination of SMT and interpolation techniques
 - Theory reduction, theory combination without restrictions
 - Interpolant generation for propositional resolution proofs of unsatisfiability [Pudlák97]
 - (Partial) interpolant generation for theory (combination) lemmata [Yorsh05]

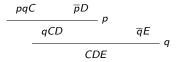
Proof Transformation Framework Features

• Local rewriting rules

Proof Transformation Framework Features

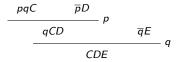
• Local rewriting rules

Rule context



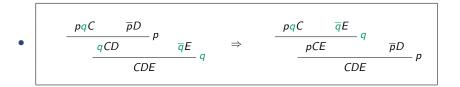
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Rule context

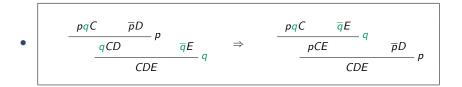


• Exhaustiveness up to symmetry

Local Rewriting Rules

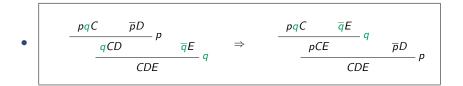


Local Rewriting Rules



Pivots swapping

Local Rewriting Rules

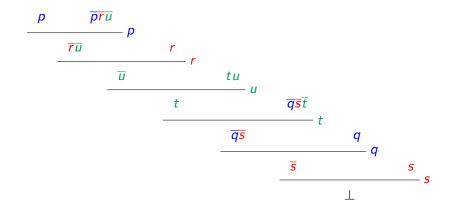


Pivots swapping

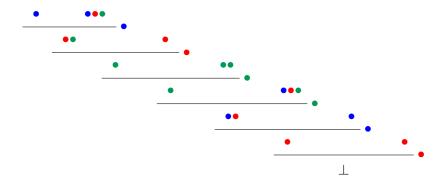
• AB-mixed predicates isolation into subtrees

Transformation

- $A \triangleq \{p,q\}$ $B \triangleq \{r,s\}$ $L \triangleq \{tu, \overline{pru}, \overline{qst}\}$
- Proof of unsatisfiability

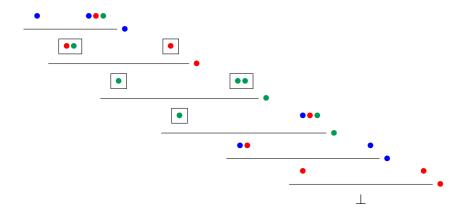


Transformation



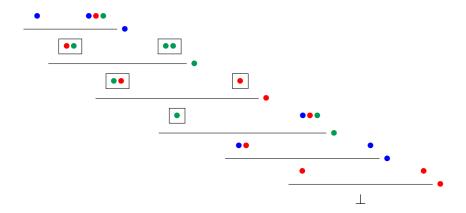
Transformation

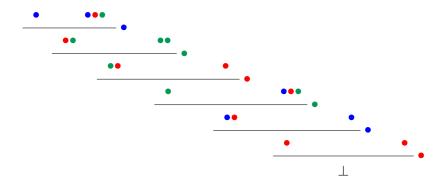
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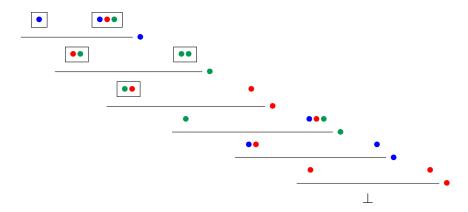
Natasha Sharygina (USI)

Transformation

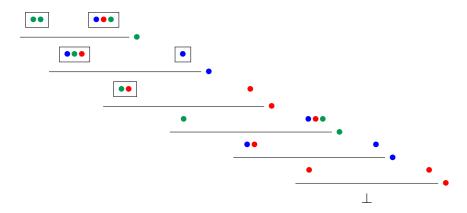


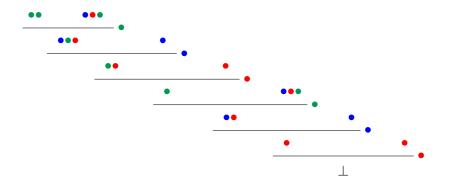


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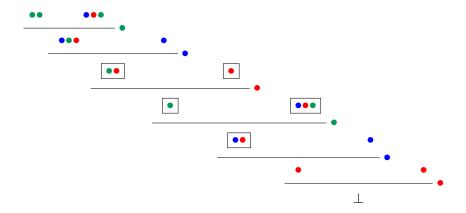


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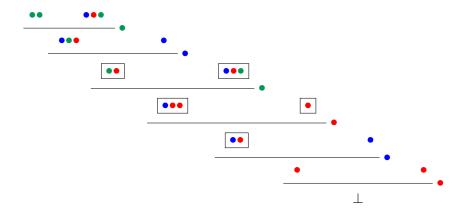


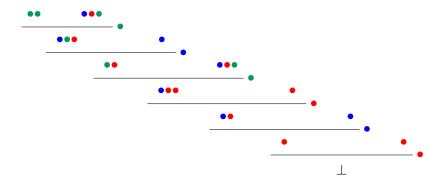


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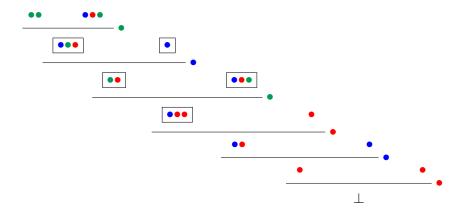
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Transformation

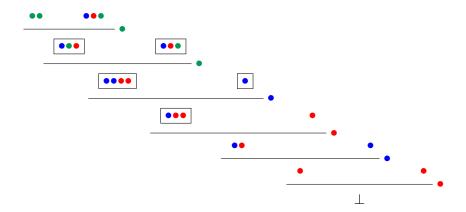
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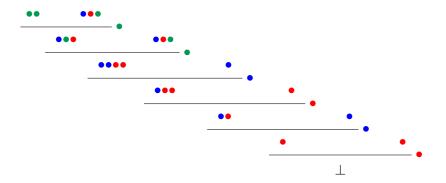
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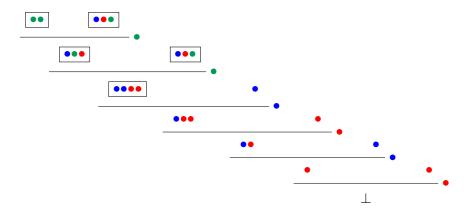
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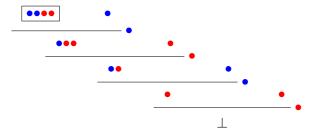


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Transformation





Considerations

• Potential drawbacks

Considerations

- Potential drawbacks
 - Overhead w.r.t. solving time

Considerations

- Potential drawbacks
 - Overhead w.r.t. solving time
 - Increase of proof size

Features

• Local rewriting rules

• Local rewriting rules

Features

- B reduction
- A perturbation

• Local rewriting rules

Features

- B reduction
- A perturbation

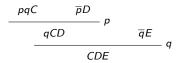
Rule context



Features

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 - B reduction
 - A perturbation

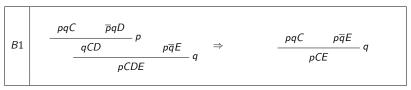
Rule context



• Exhaustiveness up to symmetry

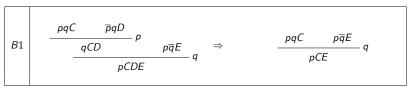
Local rewriting rules

• B rules



Local rewriting rules

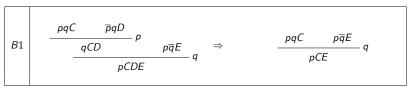
• B rules



• Redundancy as reintroduction variable after elimination

Local rewriting rules

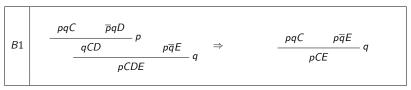
• B rules



- Redundancy as reintroduction variable after elimination
- Subproof simplification

Local rewriting rules

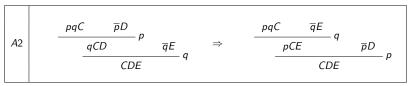
B rules



- Redundancy as reintroduction variable after elimination
- Subproof simplification
- Subproof root strengthening

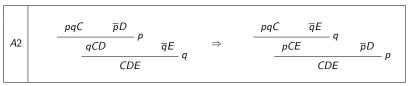
Local rewriting rules

• A rules



Local rewriting rules

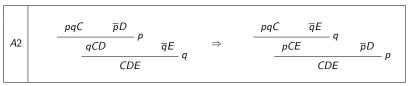
• A rules



• Pivots swapping

Local rewriting rules

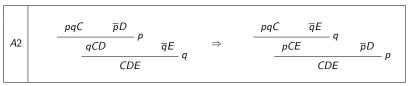
• A rules



- Pivots swapping
- Topology perturbation

Local rewriting rules

A rules



- Pivots swapping
- Topology perturbation
- Redundancies exposure

Local rewriting rules

A1	pqC pqD p = qCD p = qCD = qCDE = qCD = q	<u>φ</u> Εq	\Rightarrow	pqC pCE	₫E₫E CDE	₹ ¯pqD ¯pDEp	- q
A2	$\frac{pqC}{qCD} \frac{\overline{pD}}{p} \frac{p}{\overline{qCD}} \frac{p}{\overline{qCD}} \frac{\overline{qCD}}{\overline{qCDE}}$	iEq	⇒	pq	PCE	- q ₱D	. р
<i>B</i> 1	pqC pqD p qCD p pCDE	9 <u>9</u> q	⇒		pqC pCE	pqEq	
B2	pqC pD p qDC p pCDE	<i>qE</i> ── q	⇒	Pq	C pqE pCE C	– 9 pD	– P
B2'	pqC pD p qDC p pCDE	<u>₹</u> q	⇒		pqC pCE	pqEq	
В3	pqC pD p qCD p pCDE	₫ <i>Е</i> q	⇒		٦Ę)	

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Flexible Proof Transformation



opensmt

- C++ open-source SMT solver developed at USI
- Fastest open-source solver in SMT-comp 2009, 2010 for various logics

opensmt

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Benchmarks

opensmt

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Benchmarks

- SMT: SMT-LIB library
- Academic and industrial problems

Group	#	#AB	% _{time}	% _{nodes}	% _{edges}
RDS	2	7	93%	2%	2%
EufLaAr	2	103	91%	30%	26%
pete	6	4	33%	8%	9%
pete2	56	17	59%	27%	32%
uclid	8	11	64%	37%	42%
Overall	74	17	59%	26%	30%

- # number of benchmarks solved
- #AB average number of AB-mixed predicates in proof
- $\%_{time}$ average time overhead
- $\%_{nodes}$, $\%_{edges}$ average difference in proof size

• RecyclePivots (closest related work) [Strichman'08]

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 - **Pros** Global information Fast and effective

Cons

Cannot expose redundancies

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Cannot expose redundancies

• Rule-based approach

- RecyclePivots (closest related work) [Strichman'08]
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Cons

Cannot expose redundancies

• Rule-based approach

• Pros

Flexibility in rules application Flexibility in amount of transformation Can expose redundancies

• Cons

Local information

• Based on a sequence of proof traversals (e.g. topological order)

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- Parameterized in number of traversals and time limit

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- Parameterized in number of traversals and time limit
- Examination non-leaf clauses
 - Pivot in both antecedents \rightarrow update, match context, apply rule

$$\frac{qC'D'}{CDE} q \Rightarrow \frac{qC'D'}{C'D'E'} q \Rightarrow \frac{pqC'}{Q'D'E'} q \Rightarrow \frac{pqC'}{qC'D'} q$$

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$$\frac{qC'D'}{CDE} q \Rightarrow \frac{qC'D'}{C'D'E'} q \Rightarrow \frac{pqC'}{Q'D'} q = \frac{pqC'}{qE'} q = \frac{pqC'}{qC'D'} q$$

• Pivot not in both antecedents \rightarrow remove resolution step

$$\frac{C'D' \quad \overline{q}E'}{CDE} q \quad \Rightarrow \qquad C'D'$$

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$$\frac{C'D'}{CDE} q \Rightarrow C'D'$$

Easy combination with RecyclePivots

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- Implemented in C++ and integrated with OpenSMT
- Available at www.inf.usi.ch/phd/rollini/hvc.html

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 - SMT: SMT-LIB library
 - SAT: SAT competition
 - Academic and industrial problems

Experimental results over SMT: QF_UF, QF_IDL, QF_LRA, QF_RDL

	#	Avg _{nodes}	Avg _{edges}	Avg _{core}	T(s)	Max _{nodes}	Max_{edges}	Max _{core}
RP	1370	6.7%	7.5%	1.3%	1.7	65.1%	68.9%	39.1%
Ratio								
0.01	1366	8.9%	10.7%	1.4%	3.4	66.3%	70.2%	45.7%
0.025	1366	9.8%	11.9%	1.5%	3.6	77.2%	79.9%	45.7%
0.05	1366	10.7%	13.0%	1.6%	4.1	78.5%	81.2%	45.7%
0.075	1366	11.4%	13.8%	1.7%	4.5	78.5%	81.2%	45.7%
0.1	1364	11.8%	14.4%	1.7%	5.0	78.8%	83.6%	45.7%
0.25	1359	13.6%	16.6%	1.9%	7.6	79.6%	84.4%	45.7%
0.5	1348	15.0%	18.4%	2.0%	11.5	79.1%	85.2%	45.7%
0.75	1341	16.0%	19.5%	2.1%	15.1	79.9%	86.1%	45.7%
1	1337	16.7%	20.4%	2.2%	18.8	79.9%	86.1%	45.7%

• Ratio — time threshold as fraction of solving time

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Experimental results over SAT

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0.75	25	7.9%	9.3%	1.9%	360.0	41.6%	42.6%	32.1%
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1 Background

2 Motivation and Related Work

3 Contribution

- Proof Transformation for Interpolation and Reduction
- 4 Summary and Future Work

• Proof transformation

1 Interpolation, SMT, AB-mixed predicates

- Proof transformation
 - 1 Interpolation, SMT, AB-mixed predicates
 - 2 Proof transformation framework for AB-mixed predicates removal

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 - State-of-the art interpolant generation procedures

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 - **3** Easy combination:
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 - **3** Easy combination:
 - Standard SMTs
 - State-of-the art interpolant generation procedures
- Rule-based proof reduction
- Pivots redundancies detection and removal

• Exploitation of DPLL proof structure

- Exploitation of DPLL proof structure
- Evaluation on concrete applications (e.g. interpolation)

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- Evaluation on concrete applications (e.g. interpolation)
- Rule-based control of interpolants' strength

Proof reduction

S.F. Rollini, R. Bruttomesso and N. Sharygina An Efficient and Flexible Approach to Resolution Proof Reduction. HVC 2010.

- Proof manipulation for interpolation
- R. Bruttomesso, S.F. Rollini, N. Sharygina and A. Tsitovich Flexible Interpolation with Local Proof Transformations. ICCAD 2010

Thanks for your attention!

http://www.verify.inf.usi.ch/

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